### Characters of the $W_3$ algebra

Nicholas J. Iles

King's College London

ICFT 2014 April 12, 2014

Based on hep-th/1307.3771 with G. Watts

## The $W_3$ algebra

Introduction

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n) L_{m+n} + \delta_{m+n,0} \frac{c}{12} m (m^2 - 1)$$
  

$$[L_m, W_n] = (2m-n) W_{m+n}$$
  

$$[W_m, W_n] = (m-n) \left[ \frac{1}{15} (m+n+3) (m+n+2) - \frac{1}{6} (m+2) (n+2) \right] L_{m+n}$$
  

$$+ \beta (m-n) \Lambda_{m+n} + \delta_{m+n,0} \frac{c}{360} m (m^2 - 1) (m^2 - 4)$$

where

$$\begin{split} \Lambda_n &= \sum_{p=-\infty}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} L_p L_{n-p} + \sum_{p=\lceil n/2 \rceil}^{\infty} L_{n-p} L_p + \gamma\left(n\right) L_n, \\ \beta &= \frac{16}{22+5c}, \qquad \text{and} \qquad \gamma(n) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{20}(n^2-4) & n \text{ even} \\ -\frac{1}{20}(n^2-9) & n \text{ odd} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

#### Null states and modules

Introduction

▶ Highest-weight state  $|h, w\rangle$ , descendant states  $L_{-1} |h, w\rangle$ ,  $W_{-1} |h, w\rangle$ , etc.

► Verma module <i>V</i> :	Level 0	h,w angle
	Level 1	$L_{-1}\ket{h,w}, W_{-1}\ket{h,w}$
	Level 2	$\begin{array}{l} L_{-2} \left  h, w \right\rangle, W_{-2} \left  h, w \right\rangle, \\ L_{-1}^{2} \left  h, w \right\rangle, W_{-1}^{2} \left  h, w \right\rangle, L_{-1} W_{-1} \left  h, w \right\rangle \end{array}$

- A descendant state  $|N\rangle$  is null if  $L_n |N\rangle = 0$  for all n > 0.
- Irreducible module:  $L = V/\{|N\rangle\}$

$$\mathcal{O}_{m,n}^{L} = \sum_{r,s=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{\omega \in \mathbb{W}(a_2)} (-1)^{l(\omega)} \mathcal{O}_{\omega(m,n)+pr\alpha_1+ps\alpha_2}^{V}$$

#### Characters

Virasoro partition function on a torus ( $q = \exp 2\pi i \tau$ ):

$$Z = \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}}\left(q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \bar{q}^{\bar{L}_0 - \frac{c}{24}}\right) = \sum_{h, \bar{h}} N_{h, \bar{h}} \ \chi_h^{L_{Vir}} \ \chi_{\bar{h}}^{L_{Vir}}$$

where the Virasoro character is

$$\chi^{M_{Vir}} = \operatorname{Tr}_{M_{Vir}} \left( q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \right).$$

#### Characters

Virasoro partition function on a torus ( $q = \exp 2\pi i \tau$ ):

$$Z = \operatorname{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}} \left( q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \bar{q}^{\bar{L}_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \right) = \sum_{h, \bar{h}} N_{h, \bar{h}} \ \chi_h^{L_{Vir}} \ \chi_{\bar{h}}^{L_{Vir}}$$

where the Virasoro character is

$$\chi^{M_{Vir}} = \text{Tr}_{M_{Vir}} \left( q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \right).$$

 $W_3$  partition function:

$$Z = \operatorname{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}}\left(e^{2\pi i z W_0} q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \cdot \operatorname{barred}\right) = \sum_{h, w; \bar{h}, \bar{w}} N_{h, w; \bar{h}, \bar{w}} \chi^L_{h, w} \chi^L_{\bar{h}, \bar{w}}$$

with  $W_3$  character

$$\chi^{M} = \operatorname{Tr}_{M} \left( e^{2\pi i z W_{0}} q^{L_{0} - \frac{c}{24}} \right)$$
  
=  $\operatorname{Tr}_{M} \left( q^{L_{0} - \frac{c}{24}} \right) + 2\pi i z \operatorname{Tr}_{M} \left( W_{0} q^{L_{0} - \frac{c}{24}} \right) + \frac{(2\pi i z)^{2}}{2} \operatorname{Tr}_{M} \left( W_{0}^{2} q^{L_{0} - \frac{c}{24}} \right) + \dots$ 

#### Outline

#### Introduction

- ► The W<sub>3</sub> algebra
- Null states and modules
- Characters
- Character calculations
  - 'Brute force'
  - Null states
  - Exact results
- Modular transformation

#### 'Brute force' results

Example: contribution of the state  $L_{-2} |h, w\rangle$  to  $Tr(W_0)$ 

 $W_{0}L_{-2}|h,w\rangle = (L_{-2}W_{0} + 4W_{-2})|h,w\rangle = wL_{-2}|h,w\rangle + 4W_{-2}|h,w\rangle$ 

#### 'Brute force' results

Example: contribution of the state  $L_{-2} |h, w\rangle$  to  $Tr(W_0)$ 

$$W_{0}L_{-2} |h,w\rangle = (L_{-2}W_{0} + 4W_{-2}) |h,w\rangle = wL_{-2} |h,w\rangle + 4W_{-2} |h,w\rangle$$

Results:

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) &= q^{-\frac{c}{24}}\left(wq^{h}+2wq^{h+1}+5wq^{h+2}+10wq^{h+3}+20wq^{h+4}+\ldots\right)\\ \operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}^{2}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) &= q^{-\frac{c}{24}}\left(w^{2}q^{h}+\left(2w^{2}+\frac{4}{22+5c}\left(32h-c+2\right)\right)q^{h+1}+\ldots\right)\\ \operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}^{3}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) &= q^{-\frac{c}{24}}\left(w^{3}q^{h}+\left(2w^{3}+\frac{12w}{22+5c}\left(32h-c+2\right)\right)q^{h+1}+\ldots\right)\end{aligned}$$

Null state condition: 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(N_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right) = 0$$

Null state condition: 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(N_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)=0$$

Example:

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(L_{-p}L_{p}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) &= q^{p}\operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(L_{p}L_{-p}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) \\ &= q^{p}\operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(L_{-p}L_{p}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) + q^{p}\operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(\left[L_{p},L_{-p}\right]q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) \\ &= \frac{q^{p}}{1-q^{p}}\operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(\left[2pL_{0}+\frac{c}{12}p\left(p^{2}-1\right)\right]q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

i.e. if  $N_0 = \sum_{\mathbf{p} \geq 1} L_{-p} L_p$ , then, using  $D := q \frac{d}{dq} + \frac{c}{24} = L_0$ ,

$$0 = 2\sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{p q^{p}}{1-q^{p}} \operatorname{Tr}_{L} \left( L_{0} q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}} \right) + \frac{c}{12} \sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{\left(p^{3}-p\right) q^{p}}{1-q^{p}} \operatorname{Tr}_{L} \left(q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$
  
$$\Rightarrow \quad 0 = \left[ 2\sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{p q^{p}}{1-q^{p}} q \frac{d}{dq} + \frac{c}{12} \sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{p^{3} q^{p}}{1-q^{p}} \right] \operatorname{Tr}_{L} \left(q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$

Three-state Potts model: c = 4/5, and

$$(h,w) = (0,0), \left(\frac{1}{15}, \pm \frac{1}{9}\sqrt{\frac{2}{195}}\right), \left(\frac{2}{3}, \pm \frac{2}{9}\sqrt{\frac{26}{15}}\right), \left(\frac{2}{5}, 0\right).$$

At level seven, this model has a null state with zero mode

$$N_0^{(7)} = -\frac{27}{121}L_0^2W_0 + \frac{9}{55}L_0W_0 - \frac{6}{605}W_0 + \dots$$

Substituting this into the null state condition gives

$$0 = \left[q^2 \frac{d^2}{dq^2} + \left(1 - \frac{2}{3}E_2\right)q\frac{d}{dq} + \left(\frac{1}{12}E_2^2 - \frac{14}{225}E_4\right)\right]\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(W_0 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}}\right)$$

This has solutions

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(W_{0}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) = \pm \frac{1}{9}\sqrt{\frac{2}{195}} q^{\frac{1}{15}-\frac{c}{24}} \left(1 + 46q + 74q^{2} + 192q^{3} - 121q^{4} + \ldots\right)$$
$$\operatorname{Tr}_{L}\left(W_{0}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) = \pm \frac{2}{9}\sqrt{\frac{26}{15}} q^{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{c}{24}} \frac{1}{26} \left(26 + 143q + 142q^{2} + 214q^{3} - 22q^{4} + \ldots\right)$$

Similarly, there is a level six null state with zero mode

$$\begin{split} N_0^{(6)} &= W_0^2 - \frac{95}{117}L_0^3 + \frac{5}{13}L_0^2 - \frac{14}{585}L_0 + \dots \\ \text{that leads to } \mathrm{Tr}_L \Big( W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big) &= \mathcal{D} \left\{ \mathrm{Tr}_L \Big( q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big) \right\}, \text{ which we can solve:} \\ \mathrm{Tr}_L \Big( W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big) &= q^{-\frac{c}{24}} \left( 12q^3 + \frac{4352}{65}q^4 + \frac{3064}{13}q^5 + \frac{50864}{65}q^6 + \dots \right) \\ \mathrm{Tr}_L \Big( W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big) &= q^{\frac{1}{15} - \frac{c}{24}} \left( \frac{2}{15795} + \frac{4232}{15795}q + \frac{22868}{3159}q^2 + \frac{227216}{5265}q^3 + \dots \right) \\ \mathrm{Tr}_L \Big( W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big) &= q^{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{c}{24}} \left( \frac{104}{1215} + \frac{3146}{1215}q + \frac{365224}{15795}q^2 + \frac{279764}{3159}q^3 + \dots \right) \\ \mathrm{Tr}_L \Big( W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big) &= q^{\frac{2}{5} - \frac{c}{24}} \left( \frac{28}{13}q + \frac{256}{13}q^2 + \frac{6872}{65}q^3 + \frac{20992}{65}q^4 + \frac{61872}{65}q^5 + \dots \right) \end{split}$$

• For 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$
, we need to consider  
 $W_{0}\mathcal{P}\left|h,w\right\rangle = \left[W_{0},\mathcal{P}\right]\left|h,w\right\rangle + w\mathcal{P}\left|h,w\right\rangle$ 

#### The $W_3$ algebra - a reminder

 $[W, ABCD \dots] = [W, A] BCD \dots + A [W, B] CD \dots + AB [W, C] D \dots + \dots$ 

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n) L_{m+n} + \delta_{m+n,0} \frac{c}{12} m (m^2 - 1)$$
  

$$[L_m, W_n] = (2m-n) W_{m+n}$$
  

$$[W_m, W_n] = (m-n) \left[ \frac{1}{15} (m+n+3) (m+n+2) - \frac{1}{6} (m+2) (n+2) \right] L_{m+n}$$
  

$$+ \beta (m-n) \Lambda_{m+n} + \delta_{m+n,0} \frac{c}{360} m (m^2 - 1) (m^2 - 4)$$

$$\Lambda_{n} = \sum_{p=-\infty}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} L_{p}L_{n-p} + \sum_{p=\lceil n/2 \rceil}^{\infty} L_{n-p}L_{p} + \gamma(n) L_{n}$$

• For 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$
, we need to consider

 $W_0 \mathcal{P} \left| h, w \right\rangle = [W_0, \mathcal{P}] \left| h, w \right\rangle + w \mathcal{P} \left| h, w \right\rangle$ 

For 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$
, we need to consider

$$W_0 \mathcal{P} |h, w\rangle = [W_0, \mathcal{P}] |h, w\rangle + w \mathcal{P} |h, w\rangle$$

and so we find

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) = w q^{h-\frac{c}{24}} \prod_{p \ge 1} \frac{1}{(1-q^{p})^{2}} = \frac{w q^{h-\frac{c}{24}}}{\phi(q)^{2}}$$
$$= q^{h-\frac{c}{24}} \left(w + 2wq + 5wq^{2} + 10wq^{3} + 20wq^{4} + \ldots\right)$$

For 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$
, we need to consider

$$W_0 \mathcal{P} |h, w\rangle = [W_0, \mathcal{P}] |h, w\rangle + w \mathcal{P} |h, w\rangle$$

and so we find

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right) = w q^{h-\frac{c}{24}} \prod_{p \ge 1} \frac{1}{(1-q^{p})^{2}} = \frac{w q^{h-\frac{c}{24}}}{\phi(q)^{2}}$$
$$= q^{h-\frac{c}{24}} \left(w + 2wq + 5wq^{2} + 10wq^{3} + 20wq^{4} + \ldots\right)$$

► For 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_{V}\left(W_{0}^{2}q^{L_{0}-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$$
, things are slightly more complicated:  
 $W_{0}^{2}\mathcal{P}|h,w\rangle = w^{2}\mathcal{P}|h,w\rangle + 2w[W_{0},\mathcal{P}]|h,w\rangle + [W_{0},[W_{0},\mathcal{P}]]|h,w\rangle$ 

$$\mathrm{Tr}_V \Big( W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}} \Big)$$

$$= \frac{q^{h-\frac{c}{24}}}{\phi\left(q\right)^2} \left[ \begin{array}{cc} w^2 & + & \frac{4}{15} \sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{p^2 (p^2 - 4)q^p}{(1 - q^p)^2} \\ & + 4\beta \sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{p^2 q^p}{(1 - q^p)^2} \left[ 2h + \gamma(p) - 2\frac{pq^{2p}}{1 - q^{2p}} + 4\sum_{k=1}^p \frac{kq^k}{1 - q^k} \right] \\ & + 8\beta \sum_{p\geq 1} \frac{pq^p}{1 - q^p} \sum_{s>p/2}^{p-1} \frac{q^s}{1 - q^s} \left[ \frac{p(2s - p)}{1 - q^p} + \frac{s(3s - 2p)}{1 - q^s} \right] \end{array} \right]$$

#### Summary

► A series expansion for  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found by brute force.  $\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found as a series expansion for the Potts model.  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly for any model.  $\rightarrow$  These all agree!

#### Summary

- ► A series expansion for  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found by brute force.  $\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found as a series expansion for the Potts model.  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly for any model.  $\rightarrow$  These all agree!
- ► A series expansion for  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0^2 q^{L_0 \frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found by brute force.  $\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly and as a series expansion for the Potts model.  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly for any model.  $\rightarrow$  These all agree!

#### Summary

- ► A series expansion for  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found by brute force.  $\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found as a series expansion for the Potts model.  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0q^{L_0-\frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly for any model.  $\rightarrow$  These all agree!
- ► A series expansion for  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0^2 q^{L_0 \frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found by brute force.  $\operatorname{Tr}_L\left(W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly and as a series expansion for the Potts model.  $\operatorname{Tr}_V\left(W_0^2 q^{L_0 - \frac{c}{24}}\right)$  was found exactly for any model.  $\rightarrow$  These all agree!
- ► Higher powers Tr<sub>V</sub> (W<sup>n</sup><sub>0</sub>q<sup>L<sub>0</sub>-<sup>c</sup>/<sub>24</sub>) were found as series expansions for any model.</sup>

# Thank you!